ERRATUM

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Long non-coding RNA KCNQ1OT1 mediates the growth of hepatocellular carcinoma by functioning as a competing endogenous RNA of miR-504

CHAO LI, RUNCHEN MIAO, JINGYAO ZHANG, KAI QU and CHANG LIU

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Following the publication of this article, the authors have realized that Table I was not included with the printed version of the article, although it was referenced in the text. Subsequently, it has been determined that a processing error or oversight must have been made during the pre-press stages.

Table I, as it should have appeared in this paper, is shown in the next page. We apologize to the authors for this omission, and regret the inconvenience that this has caused.



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Table I. Clinical and pathological factors associated with KCNQ1OT1 expression in 50 patients with HCC.

Clinical characteristic	KCNQ1OT1 expression			
	Low (n=22)	High (n=28)	Chi-square	P-value
Gender				
Male	12	18	0.487	0.485
Female	10	10		
Age (year)				
<50	9	17	1.936	0.164
≥50	13	11		
HBsAg				
Negative	9	6	2.226	0.136
Positive	13	22		
Liver cirrhosis				
Absent	14	9	4.919	0.027^{*}
Present	8	19		
Serum AFP (ng/ml)				
<400	10	7	2.297	0.130
≥400	12	21		
Edmondson-Steiner grading				
I+II	15	12	3.181	0.075
III+IV	7	16		
Tumor size				
<5 cm	18	9	12.239	< 0.001
≥5 cm	4	19		
Venous infiltration				
Absent	17	15	3.004	0.083
Present	5	13		
TNM stage				
I + II	15	7	9.323	0.002^{*}
III + IV	7	21		

HBsAg: Hepatitis B surface antigen; HCC, hepatic cellular carcinoma; TNM: tumor-node-metastasis. *P<0.05