Figure S1. Survival curves of patients with cervical cancer according to PD-L1 expression. (A) OS, (B) LC and (C) PFS curves of patients who were PD-L1 positive ( $n=4$ ) or negative ( $n=71$ ) in pre-RT samples. (D) OS, (E) LC and (F) PFS curves of patients who were PD-L1 positive ( $\mathrm{n}=39$ ) or negative $(\mathrm{n}=36$ ) post-10 Gy. (G) OS, (H) LC and (I) PFS curves of patients depending on PD-L1 alterations, with PD-L1 expression decreased $(n=2)$, unchanged $(n=35)$ or increased $(n=38)$ after CRT/RT. PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; CRT, chemoradiotherapy; RT, radiotherapy; OS, overall survival; LC, locoregional control; PFS, progression-free survival.


Figure S2. Receiver operating characteristics curve for density of stromal CD8 ${ }^{+}$TILs to predict death or recurrence after RT. An analysis of the receiver operating characteristic curve was performed to determine the cut-off values for CD8 ${ }^{+}$TILs. TIL, tumor-infiltrating lymphocyte; RT, radiotherapy; AUC, area under the curve.

Pre-RT
stromal CD8+TIL density


Optimal cut-off values : 32.2\%

Post-10Gy
stromal CD8+TIL density


Optimal cut-off values : 16.9\%

Figure S3. Survival curves of patients with cervical cancer according to PD-L1 expression and CD8 ${ }^{+}$TILs alterations after 10 Gy RT. (A) OS, (B) LC and (C) PFS curves of patients depending on stromal CD8 ${ }^{+}$TIL and PD-L1 alterations after 10 Gy RT. Results of statistical analyses are shown on the right. a, CD8 ${ }^{+}$TIL increased-PD-L1 increased; $\mathrm{b}, \mathrm{CD} 8^{+}$TIL increased-PD-L1 unchanged/decreased; c, CD8 ${ }^{+}$TIL decreased-PD-L1 increased; and d, CD8 ${ }^{+}$TIL decreased-PD-L1 unchanged/decreased. OS, overall survival; LC, locoregional control; PFS, progression-free survival; PD-L1, programmed death-ligand 1; TIL, tumor-infiltrating lymphocyte; RT, radiotherapy.


|  |  |  | P-value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | vs | b | 0.782 |
| a | vs | c | 0.774 |
| a | vs | d | 0.686 |
| b | vs | c | 0.629 |
| b | vs | d | 0.978 |
| c | vs | d | 0.554 |

B



Table SI. Days from the beginning of RT to post-10 Gy biopsies.

CRT, chemoradiotherapy; RT, radiotherapy.

Table SII. Days from 10 Gy RT to biopsy of post-10 Gy samples.
Days from 10 Gy RT to biopsy
Patients, n (\%)

| 0 | $4(5.3)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $56(74.7)$ |
| 2 | $4(5.3)$ |
| 3 | $9(12.0)$ |
| 4 | $2(2.7)$ |

RT, radiotherapy.

